

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Cenospheres

Formula: Amorphous alumino-silicate glass, mullite, and silica

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Construction

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Phoenix Cement Company

8800 E. Chaparral Rd. Suite 155

Scottsdale, AZ 85250-2606

Customer Service: Phone (480)-850-5757 Fax (480) 850-4333

www.srmaterials.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) 24-hour

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Carc. 1A H350

STOT RE 1 H372

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation)
H372 - Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 - Do not breathe dust.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4).
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification: Smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis, and lung cancer that is

Cenospheres

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

associated with this product. This product may also increase the risk of scleroderma for which the causes are unknown, but some reports link overexposure to silica in combination with other chemicals to this disease.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	< 7	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372
Calcium oxide	(CAS No) 1305-78-8	1.62	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Potassium oxide	(CAS No) 12136-45-7	1.33	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Sodium oxide (Na ₂ O)	(CAS No) 1313-59-3	1.18	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water followed by rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Do not rub. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice and attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Irritation to eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic Symptoms: If dust is generated, repeated exposure through inhalation may cause cancer or lung disease.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Adding water produces (caustic) calcium hydroxide. Reacts exothermically with (some) acids.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

Cenospheres

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Product becomes alkaline when exposed to moisture or water. Exposure can cause chemical burns, or severe irritation of the mucous membranes, skin, eyes, and other exposed areas.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids. halogens (F, Cl, Br, I). Metals.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Construction.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

Quartz (14808-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.025 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	50 mg/m ³
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	25 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Aluminum oxide (1344-28-1)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	6 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	3000 mg/m ³
Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) (1309-37-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	2500 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	750 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³

Cenospheres

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Dust formation: dust mask.



Hand Protection

: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection

: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Light gray, slightly damp material.
Odor	: No distinctive odor.
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: 9 - 11 (in water)
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting Point	: > 760 °C (> 1,400 °F)
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: > 1093 °C (> 2,000 °F)
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: 0.5 - 0.8
Density	: 0.4 gm/cc/24lb/ft ³
Solubility	: Water: Negligible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available

9.2. Other Information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 Reactivity:** Adding water produces (caustic) calcium hydroxide. Reacts exothermically with (some) acids.
- 10.2 Chemical Stability:** The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.
- 10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to Avoid:** Moisture. Avoid creating or spreading dust.
- 10.5 Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Metals. Halogens.
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:** None.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
ATE (Oral)	500.000 mg/kg

Cenospheres

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation. (pH: 9 - 11 (in water))
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. (pH: 9 - 11 (in water))
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified
Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.
Chronic Symptoms: If dust is generated, repeated exposure through inhalation may cause cancer or lung disease.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2 In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3 In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations

Cenospheres	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Potassium oxide (12136-45-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Sodium oxide (Na₂O) (1313-59-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2 US State Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Cenospheres

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Potassium oxide (12136-45-7)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 06/05/2014

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)